

THE UNIVERSITY of NORTH CAROLINA at CHAPEL HILL



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Background:

Economic development incentives are used at state and local levels to recruit and retain firms for tax base expansion and job creation purposes

More than half of NC counties offer economic development incentive grants through various means, including cash grants and tax credits

Empirical studies of how NC counties use performance control measures, such as wage standards and employment thresholds, have been limited

Methodology: Comparative case study of two incentivegranting counties in North Carolina

- County Identification: Tier 1 from North Carolina's Eastern Region, Tier 3 from Research Triangle Regional Partnership
- Data collection: Interview economic developers and review six to ten economic development agreements per county
- Analysis: Identify performance control measures, including job, wage, and investment minimums and clawback provisions

<u>County Comparison</u>		
	Tier 1	Tier 3
Unemployment Rate	19.3%	9.6%
Per Capita Income	\$20,521	\$36,339
Annual Population Growth Rate (2000-2009)	-0.40%	3.8%
Population Density (Pop/Sq Mi)	143	1,031

Source: NC Commerce EDIS

Does Economic Distress Affect County Incentive Policies?

Glenn McLaurin Department of Public Policy

Analysis of Deve

Average Local **Incentive Value**

Average Number of Jobs Created

Average New Investment

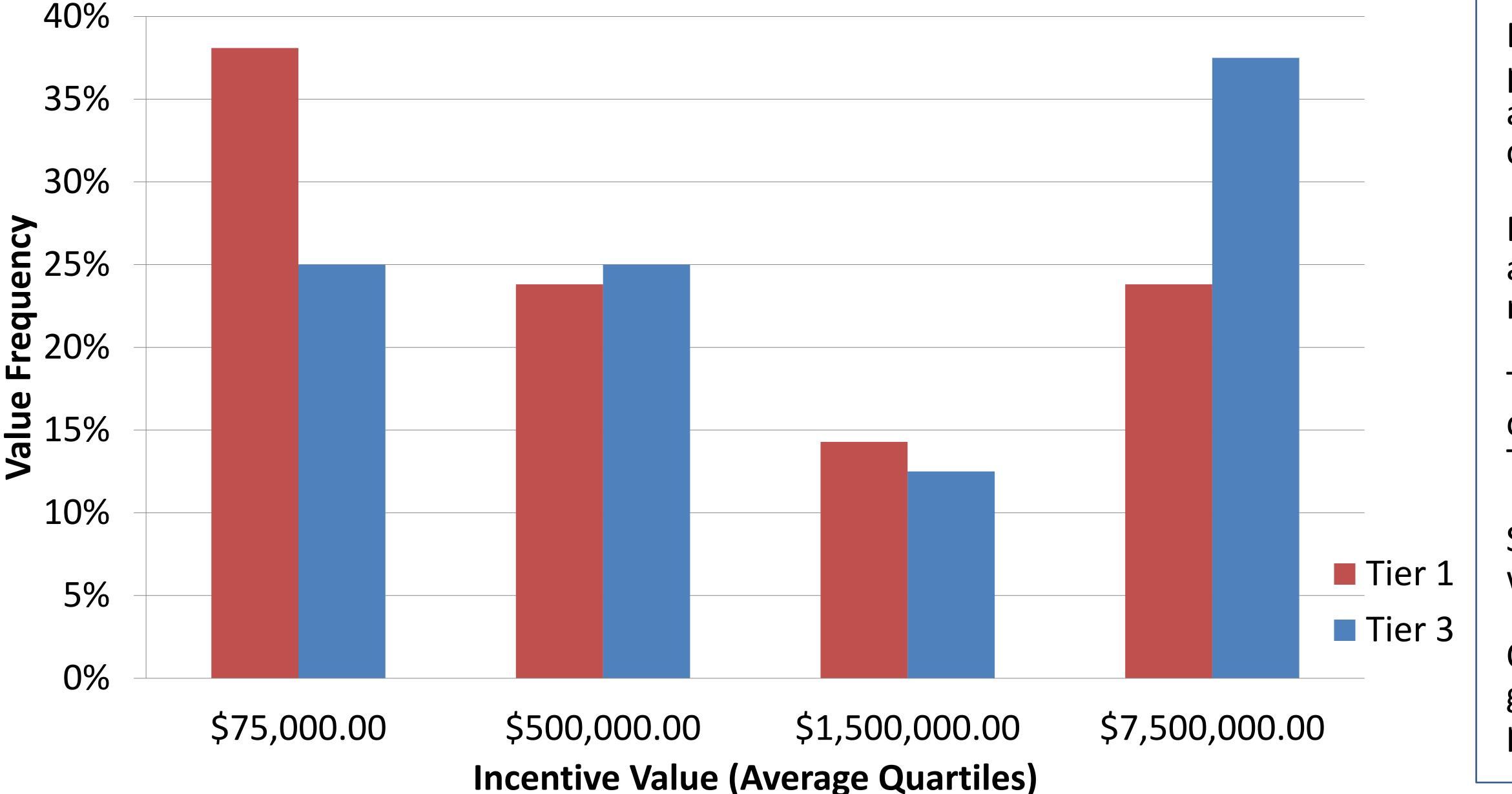
Deals Setting Minimum Job Creation Standards

Average Annual Wage Standard

Incentive-Investment Ratio

Incentive-New Job Value Ratio

Incentive Values by Tier



elopment Agreements		
Tier 1	Tier 3	
\$1.33M	\$1.63M	
161	416	
\$43.68M	\$61.3M	
67%	89%	
Exempt	\$52,116	
4%	2%	
\$7,402.04	\$3,789.68	

Economic distress, business climate, and population size can affect the motivations and performance control policies of a county

Both counties utilized performance-based agreements in which annual grants were made only after benchmarks were met

Tier 3 county maintained explicitly defined incentive eligibility requirements; Tier 1 evaluated on case-by-case basis

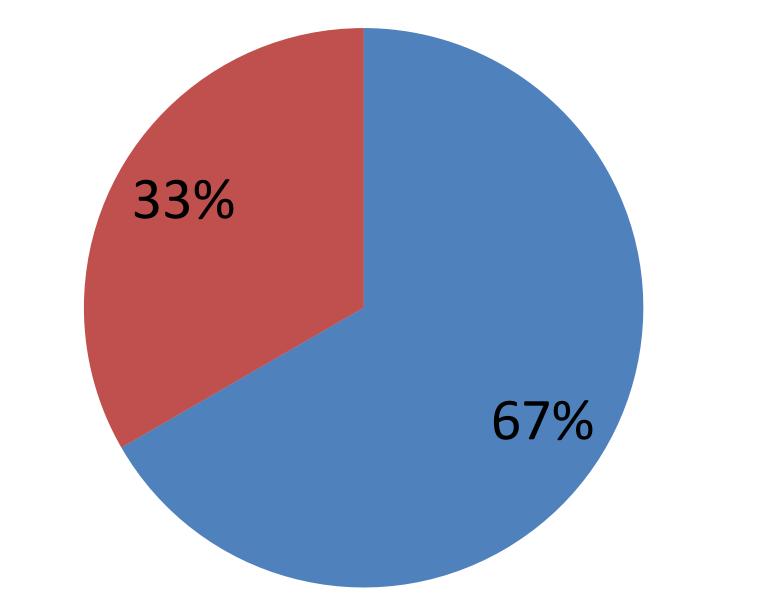
State level incentive policies influence the wage standards set by a county

Opportunity for state to encourage greater adoption of wage standards and performance controls at local level



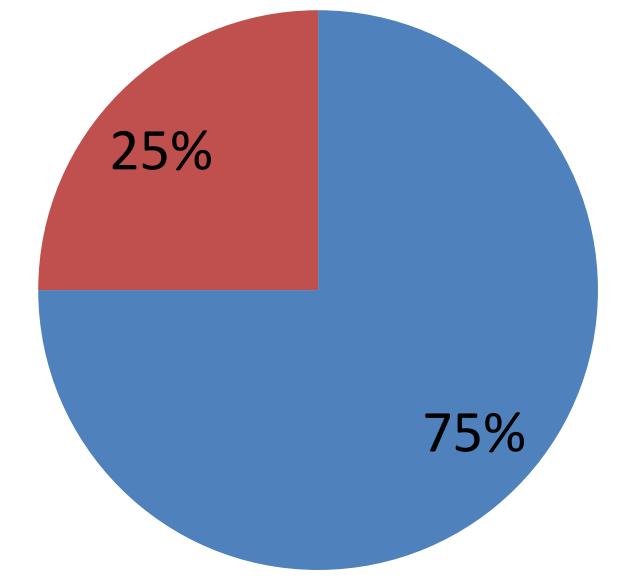
Tier 1 Incentive Sources

State Presence Local Only



Tier 3 Incentive Sources

State Presence Local Only



Conclusions: